ABN 49 000 035 512

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

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This financial report covers the accounts of Amaca Pty Limited (under NSW administered winding up). The financial report is presented in Australian currency.

Amaca Pty Limited is domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and its principal place of business is:

Level 7 233 Castlereagh Street Sydney 2000

A description of the nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities is included in the directors' report. The directors' report does not form part of this financial report.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors of the Company on 26 June 2008. The Company has the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

Directors' Report

The directors of Amaca Pty Limited (under NSW administered winding up) ("the Company") present their financial report of the Company for the period 1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008 and report as follows.

Directors

The names and particulars of the directors of the Company during or since the end of the financial year are:

Name of Director	Date Appointed
Peter Baker	9 February 2007
Guy Jarvi	9 February 2007
Joanne Marchione	9 February 2007

The Company Secretary is Marcin Firek, an employee of the James Hardie Industries N.V. group.

There have been no changes to the Board during the period 1 April 2007 to the date of this report.

Principal Activities

The Company is under NSW administered winding up, in accordance with the provisions of the *James Hardie Former Subsidiaries (Winding up and Administration) Act 2005* (NSW) (the Winding up Act). The Company's affairs are managed under and in accordance with that Act. This regime ensures the continued existence of the Company, even if it is insolvent, and prohibits it from paying any liabilities except for "payable liabilities" as defined in the Winding up Act – limited to asbestos personal injury or death claims arising from exposure to asbestos in Australia and where the claim is made in Australia. The Company is expected to remain under NSW administered winding up for a period of 40 years from February 2007.

The Company's principal activities in the course of the financial year were to manage statutory and common law claims made against the Company, and to pursue insurance recoveries where available.

Other than as stated below, no significant changes in the nature of the Company's business activities occurred during the financial year.

Review of Operations and Results

- The Company continued to meet claims which have arisen as a result of its previous asbestos manufacturing operations, which concluded in the mid 1980's.
- The Company continued to make claims under insurance policies taken out for the benefit of the Company
 and other members of the James Hardie group at the time it was a member of the James Hardie group.
- During the year under review the operations of Amaca Claims Service were transferred to Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund Limited as trustee of the AICF Charitable Fund. The Company entered into a Claims Management Agreement with Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund Limited for the management and resolution of claims against the Company, and for the payment of "payable liabilities" as defined in the Winding up Act.
- The Company received distributions from the AICF Discretionary Fund totalling \$10.088 million, and these funds were used for the payment of "payable liabilities" as defined in the Winding up Act.
- During the year the Company received a direction from Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund Limited as trustee of the Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund directing the Company to enter into arrangements for the pooling of funds and for allocation of the pooled funds to payment of "payable liabilities", under section 24 of the Winding up Act. As a result of this direction the Company received \$8.88 million from Amaba Pty Ltd and ABN 60 Pty Ltd, and pooled these funds with its own funds and used the pooled funds for the payment of "payable liabilities" in accordance with the provisions of the Winding up Act.
- In the 12 months to 31 March 2008, \$72.8 million was paid in respect of asbestos claims against the Company. Payments were made from the Company's own funds, and when these were not sufficient, payments were made by the AICF Trust on behalf of the Company.

Directors' Report

Review of Operations and Results (continued)

A detailed review of the number of claims lodged against the Company during the 12 months to 31 March 2008, and the payments in respect of those claims, is set out in the annual actuarial report of the AICF Trust, prepared by KPMG Actuaries Pty Ltd, and available on the James Hardie website at www.ir.jameshardie.com.au.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There were no significant changes to the state of affairs of the Company during the year under review.

Matters Subsequent to the Financial Year

Apart from the following matter, no matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Following the end of the financial year, the Directors of the Company resolved in principle to appoint Ernst & Young as auditors of the Company. Arrangements are being made to complete this appointment.

Future Developments

There is ongoing uncertainty as to the number of claims for compensation and damages that will be made against the Company and the level of compensation which the Company will be required to meet. These uncertainties are described in more detail in the annual actuarial valuation of asbestos related disease liabilities of former James Hardie entities prepared by KMPG Actuaries Pty Ltd available on the James Hardie website at www.ir.jameshardie.com.au.

Insurance and Indemnification of Directors and Officers

The directors and officers of the Company are covered by insurance taken out by Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund Limited against liabilities that may be incurred by directors and officers in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against them in their capacity as directors or officers of the Company, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the directors or officers in connection with such proceedings. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the directors or officers or the improper use by the directors or officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company.

The Company's constitution and deeds of access, insurance and indemnity provided by AICFL as trustee of the AICF Trust to the Company's directors, Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary provide that AICFL shall generally indemnify any director or officer who suffers any loss as a result of any action in connection with their service to the Company, provided they acted in good faith in carrying out their duties and in a manner reasonably believed to be in the Company's best interest. This indemnification generally will not be available if the person seeking indemnification acted with gross negligence or wilful misconduct in the performance of their duties to the Company.

Dividends

Dividends paid or payable during the period were \$nil.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied for leave of a court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the period under review.

Directors' Report

Auditors

The accounts are audited by an independent registered public accounting firm – PricewaterhouseCoopers. The auditor's independence declaration is included on page 4 in the financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to s.298(2) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors:

Peter W Baker

Chairman and Director

Guy M Jarvi Director

Sydney, 26 June 2008



PricewaterhouseCoopers ABN 52 780 433 757

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Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Amaca Pty Limited for the year ended 31 March 2008, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (b) No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Amaca Pty Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

DN Kelly Partner

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney 26 June 2008

AMACA PTY LIMITED

(UNDER NSW ADMINISTERED WINDING UP) INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

	Note	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
Revenue	2	45,142	21,448
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	3	(160)	(141)
Employee benefits expense	3	-	(1,319)
Claims expense	3	(212,156)	(1,738,838)
Finance costs	3	(1,532)	(99)
Other expenses		(449)	(2,782)
Loss before income tax		(169,155)	(1,721,731)
Income tax expense	4	-	-
Loss for the period		(169,155)	(1,721,731)

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2008

	Note	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	2,208	7,146
Trade and other receivables	6	18,223	19,639
Financial assets	7	-	322
Investment properties	8	-	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		20,431	27,107
Non Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	266,600	257,674
Plant and equipment	9	326	486
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		266,926	258,160
TOTAL ASSETS		287,357	285,267
1011121130210		201,331	265,267
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	1,284	782
Provisions	11	106,906	95,317
Other liabilities	12	10	31
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		108,200	96,130
Non Current Liabilities			
Trade and other Payables	10	49,146	17,755
Provisions	11	2,051,700	1,923,906
Other liabilities	12	. -	10
TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,100,846	1,941,671
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,209,046	2,037,801
NET LIABILITIES		(1,921,689)	(1,752,534)
DEFICIT IN SHAREHOLDER FUNDS			
Issued capital	13	18,000	18,000
Reserves	14	31,842	31,842
Accumulated losses		(1,971,531)	(1,802,376)
TOTAL DEFICIT IN SHAREHOLDER FUNDS		(1,921,689)	(1,752,534)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

	Issued Share Capital Ordinary Shares (Note 13) \$'000	Reserves (Note 14) \$'000	Accumulated Losses \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 1 April 2006	18,000	31,842	(80,645)	(30,803)
Loss for the period	-	-	(1,721,731)	(1,721,731)
Balance at 31 March 2007	18,000	31,842	(1,802,376)	(1,752,534)
Loss for the period	-	-	(169,155)	(169,155)
Balance at 31 March 2008	18,000	31,842	(1,971,531)	(1,921,689)

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

	Note	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from insurance recoveries and agreements		27,058	14,491
Payments to claimants, suppliers and employees		(42,892)	(49,899)
Interest received		479	980
Distributions received		10,095	1,132
Net cash outflow from operating activities	16(a)	(5,260)	(33,296)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		-	(5)
Payment for investments		-	(14)
Proceeds from disposal of investments		322	482
Net cash inflow from investing activities		322	463
Net decrease in cash held		(4,938)	(32,833)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		7,146	39,979
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	5	2,208	7,146

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial report includes the separate financial statement of Amaca Pty Limited as an individual entity.

(a) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Basis

On 8 February 2007 the Company became subject to the James Hardie Former Subsidiaries (Winding up and Administration) Act 2005 (NSW) which places it in a form of statutory-based winding up and administration (the Winding up Act). This regime ensures the continued existence of the Company, even if it becomes insolvent and prohibits it from paying any liabilities except for "payable liabilities" as defined in the Winding up Act – limited to asbestos personal injury or death claims arising from exposure to asbestos in Australia and where the claim is made in Australia.

Following the commencement of the Amended and Restated Final Funding Agreement dated 21 November 2006 (FFA), the directors expect that "payable liabilities" of the Company will be met from the AICF Trust when the Company has insufficient funds for this purpose. The FFA is expected to operate for a period of 40 years, and the Company will remain subject to the Winding up Act during this period of time.

The Financial report has been prepared on a liquidation basis recognising the provisions of the Winding up Act.

(b) Statement of compliance

This financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and Urgent Issues Group Interpretations and complies with other requirements of the law. The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards, which include the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("AIFRS"). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AIFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 22.

(c) Income Tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the income statement except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax asset is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(c) Income Tax (Cont'd)

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Company will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

(d) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportional basis taking into account the effective interest rate applicable to the financial assets.

Distribution from Managed Funds

Distributions from managed funds are recognised when the right to receive a distribution has been established.

Insurance Claim Recoveries

Insurance claim recoveries are recognised when the right to receive recoveries and the likelihood of recovery has been established.

(e) Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured at cost less depreciation and impairment losses which in the opinion of the Directors is not materially different to their liquidation value.

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all plant & equipment assets. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements. The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset Depreciation Rate
Plant and equipment 5 to 20 years
Leasehold improvements Term of lease

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(e) Plant and Equipment (contd)

The residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the income statement. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

(f) Employee Benefits

Wages and Salaries, Annual Leave and Sick Leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months of balance sheet date are recognised in respect of employees' services rendered up to balance sheet date and measured at amounts expected to be paid when liabilities are settled. Liabilities for wages and salaries are included as part of other payables and liabilities for annual and sick leave are included as part of employee benefit provisions.

Long Service Leave

Liabilities for long service leave are recognised as part of the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees to the balance sheet date. Consideration is given to expected future salaries and wages levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using national government bond rates at balance sheet date with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

(g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

(h) Leases

Leases of fixed assets, where substantially all the risks and benefits are incidental to the ownership of the leased item, are classified as finance leases. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives where it is likely that the Company will obtain ownership of the asset, or over the term of the lease.

Lease payments for operating leases are charged as an expense in the income statement on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and recognised as a reduction in the rental expense on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(i) Provision for future claims

Provisions for asbestos claims are measured at the present value of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date and includes an appropriate prudential margin. This process involves extensive consultation with external actuaries, claim managers and senior management. An independent actuarial assessment of outstanding and likely future claims is undertaken at least annually. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects yields on Commonwealth Government Bonds.

(j) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there are indicators that individual assets are impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

(k) Investment Properties

Investment properties are initially measured at cost including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing market conditions at balance sheet date. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement as part of other income in the year in which they arise.

(l) Financial Assets

Recognition

Investments are initially measured at cost (being the fair value of the consideration given, including transaction costs) when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Investments are classified into the following specific categories and, after initial recognition, are measured as set out below.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Company has classified its investments in unlisted managed funds as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss whereby investments are marked to market value. Financial assets held for trading purposes are classified as current assets and are stated at fair value. Any resultant gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables are carried at amortised cost less impairment.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(l) Financial Assets (cont'd)

Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

(m) Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the entity's functional and presentation currency.

(n) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the year end and which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and have 30-60 day payment terms,

(0) Rounding of Amounts to Nearest Thousand Dollars

Amounts in the financial report and financial statement have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

	Note	2008	2007
		\$'000	\$'000
NOTE 2: REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME			
Revenue			
Administration costs received - related entities	20	-	157
Pooling funds income – related entities	20(e)	8,880	-
Insurance recoveries		25,690	19,179
Distributions from managed funds		5	15
Distributions from trusts – related entities	20 (d)	10,088	1,117
Interest received from other persons		479	980
Total Revenue		45,142	21,448
NOTE 3: LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX			
Loss before income tax has been arrived at after charging for the following:			
Finance costs – Interest paid:			·
- Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund –			
Charitable Fund	20(g)	1,532	_
- other persons	,	-	99
		1,532	99
		<u> </u>	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		160	141
Settlements of claims			
- claims/legal expenses paid	11	72,756	60,115
- net movement in provision for future claims		139,400	1,678,723
		212,156	1,738,838
Rental expense on operating lease			
- minimum lease payments	20(h)	-	103
Employee benefits expense			
- salary and wages		-	992
- superannuation		-	309
- other employee benefits expense		-	18
Total employee benefits expense		-	1,319

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
NOTE 4: INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
The prima facie tax payable on loss before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Prima facie tax payable on loss before income tax at 30% (March 2007: 30%)	(50,747)	(516,519)
Add tax effect of: - other non allowable items - tax losses and temporary differences not brought to account	460 52,927	- 516,519
Less tax effect of: - other non assessable items Income tax attributable to the Company	(2,640)	

The potential future income tax benefit in respect of tax losses and temporary differences as at 31 March 2008 not brought to account is \$639,330,519 (2007: \$586,385,440).

As the Company is subject to the James Hardie Former Subsidiaries (Winding up and Administration) Act 2005 (NSW) directors consider that the realisation of this benefit is highly improbable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

	Note	2008	2007
		\$'000	\$'000
NOTE 5: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash at bank		2,208	6,625
Other cash investments			521
		2,208	7,146
Reconciliation of cash			
Cash at the end of the financial period as shown in the cash flow statement is reconciled to items in the balance sheet as follows:			
Cash and cash equivalents		2,208	7,146
NOTE 6: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Current			
Distribution receivable		-	2
Insurance claims receivable		17,991	8,522
Other receivables		232	11,114
Related parties	6(a)	-	1
•		18,223	19,639
Non Current			
Insurance claim receivables		266,600	257,300
Other receivables		-	374
		266,600	257,674
(a) Other Related Parties			
- Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund			
Discretionary Fund		-	1
			1
	,	 _	

⁽b) All receivables are fully recoverable. No receivables are impaired or past due and not impaired.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

Note

	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
NOTE 7: FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Current Units in unlisted managed funds, at fair value	<u>-</u>	322
NOTE 8: INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		
Current Balance at beginning period Disposal	<u>.</u>	482 (482)
Balance at end of period	<u>-</u>	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 9: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	2008 \$'000		2007 \$'000
Plant and equipment:				
- at cost		557		557
- accumulated depreciation		(261)		(192)
Total plant and equipment		296	_	365
Leasehold improvements:				
- at cost		272		272
- accumulated depreciation				
Total leasehold improvements		(242)	_	(151)
Total leasened improvements			_	121
Total plant and equipment		326	_	486
(a) Movements in Carrying Amounts				
Movements in the carrying amounts of each class of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.				
For the period ended 31 March 2008				
2 or the paristic children of ham to 2000		Plant & Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at the beginning of period Additions		365	121	486 -
Depreciation expense		(69)	(91)	(160)
Carrying amount at end of period		296	30	326
For the year ended 31 March 2007				
		Plant & Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Release at the heginning of ver-		400	100	600
Balance at the beginning of year Additions		433	189	622
Depreciation expense		(73)	(68)	5 (141)
Carrying amount at end of year		365	121	486
		.503	121	400

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 10: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
Current			
Trade payables	10(a)	1,280	762
Other payables and accrued expenses	10(a)	4	19
Related parties	10(b)	-	1
		1,284	782
Non Current			
Related parties	10(b)	49,146	17,755
		49,146	17,755
(a) Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which remain unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.			
(b) Amounts owing to related party			
- Amaba Pty Limited		_	1
- Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund			1
Charitable Fund		8,517	9,181
- Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund -			
Charitable Fund (Section 36)	10(c)	40,618	8,574
 Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund — Discretionary Fund 			
		11	-
		49,146	17,756

(c) No interest was charged on the amounts due to the Charitable Fund of the Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund in the period ended 31 March 2007. However from 1 April 2007 interest was charged on this balance at a rate determined under and in accordance with the Amended and Restated Final Funding Agreement. Refer Note 20(g) for the amount of interest charged.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

Note

	2008	2007
NOTE 11. PROVICIONS	\$'000	\$'000
NOTE 11: PROVISIONS		
Current		
Claims settlements		
Opening balance at beginning of the period	95,300	69,440
Amounts paid	(72,756)	(60,115)
Addition to provisions during the period	84,356	85,975
Balance at end of period	106,900	95,300
Employee entitlements		
Opening balance at beginning of the period	-	55
Addition to provisions during the period	-	62
Amounts used	-	(35)
Amounts transferred	-	(82)
Balance at end of period	<u> </u>	-
Make Good		
Opening balance at beginning of the period	17	19
Reductions to provisions during the period	(17)	(2)
Addition to provisions during the period	6	-
Balance at end of period	6	17
Non Current		
Claims settlements		
Opening balance at beginning of the period	1,923,900	2,020
Addition to provisions during the period	127,800	1,921,880
Balance at end of period	2,051,700	1,923,900
Make Good		
Opening balance at beginning of the period	6	21
Reductions to provisions during the period	(6)	(15)
Addition to provisions during the period	•	· ,
Balance at end of period		6
Analysis of Total Provisions		
Current	106,906	95,317
Non current	2,051,700	1,923,906
	2,158,606	2,019,223
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 11: PROVISIONS (CONTD) (a) The provision for future asbestos related liabilities of \$1,877,100,000 (2007: \$1,748,000,000) has been recognised in the financial report as follows: Current claims provision 106,900 95,300		Note	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
liabilities of \$1,877,100,000 (2007: \$1,748,000,000) has been recognised in the financial report as follows:	NOTE 11: PROVISIONS (CONTD)			
Current claims provision 106 000 95 300	liabilities of \$1,877,100,000 (2007) \$1,748,000,000) has been recognised in the	7:		
75,500 95,500	Current claims provision		106,900	95,300
Non-current claims provision 2,051,700 1,923,900	Non-current claims provision		2,051,700	1,923,900
Current insurance receivable (14,900) (13,900)	Current insurance receivable		(14,900)	(13,900)
Non-current insurance receivable (266,600) (257,300)	Non-current insurance receivable		(266,600)	(257,300)
1,877,100 1,748,000			1,877,100	1,748,000
			<u> </u>	
NOTE 12: OTHER LIABILITIES	NOTE 12: OTHER LIABILITIES			
Current				
Lease incentive 15(a) 10 31	Lease incentive	15(a)	10	31
Non Current	Non Current			
Lease incentive 15(a) - 10	Lease incentive	15(a)	<u>-</u>	10
NOTE 13: ISSUED CAPITAL	NOTE 13: ISSUED CAPITAL			
1,000 (2007: 1,000) fully paid ordinary shares 13(a) 18,000 18,000	1,000 (2007: 1,000) fully paid ordinary shares	13(a)	18,000	18,000
The Company has authorised share capital amounting to 1,000 ordinary shares at no par value.		ing		
(a) Ordinary Shares Number. Number.	(a) Ordinary Shares		Number.	Number.
	At the beginning of the reporting period		1,000	1,000
Shares issued during the period	Shares issued during the period		· •	- -
At reporting date 1,000 1,000	At reporting date		1,000	1,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 13: ISSUED CAPITAL (CONTD)

(b) Ordinary shares participate in dividends.

The activities of the Company are subject to the provisions of the James Hardie Former Subsidiaries (Winding up and Administration Act 2005 (NSW). On 9 February 2007, the Charitable Fund of the Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund acquired all the issued shares of Amaca Pty Limited.

At shareholders meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

	Note	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
NOTE 14: RESERVES		4 000	\$ 000
Asset Realisation		31,842	31,842
The asset realisation reserve is used to record realised gains on the disposal of revalued non current assets.			
There were no movements in reserves.			
NOTE 15: CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITME	NTS		
(a) Operating Leasing Commitments Payable			
Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements:			
Payable - minimum lease payments			
- not later than 12 months		-	241
- between 12 months and 5 years		-	82
		-	323
The property lease is a non-cancellable lease with a 3 year term, with rent payable monthly in advance. Contingent rental provisions within the lease agreement require that the minimum lease payments shall be increased by 3.75% per annum. An option exists to renew the lease at the end of the 3 year term for an additional term of 3 years. During the year the lease was assigned to Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund – Charitable Fund, effective 9 February 2007.			
In respect of non-cancellable operating leases the following liabilities have been recognised:			
Lease incentives:			
- Current		10	31
- Non-current			10
		10	41

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 16: CASH FLOW INFORMATION	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
(a) Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss after income tax:		
Loss after income tax	(169,155)	(1,721,731)
Non cash flows in		
Depreciation	160	141
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase) Decrease in receivables	(7,510)	13,981
Decrease in other assets	-	17
Increase (Decrease) in payables	31,893	(2,148)
Increase in provisions	139,383	1,676,468
(Decrease) in other liabilities	(31)	(24)
Net cash outflows from operations	(5,260)	(33,296)

(b) Credit standby arrangements

The Company has no credit standby arrangements and loan facilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

	Note	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
NOTE 17: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION			
The compensation of directors and key management personnel of the Company is set out below:			
Short-term employee benefits		721	563
Post-employment benefits		90	190
Other long-term employee benefits		3	1
		814	754
Prior to 9 February 2007, the directors and key management personnel were remunerated by the Company. From 9 February 2007 to 5 March 2007, key management personnel were remunerated by the Company. Since 5 March 2007, the key management personnel of the Company were remunerated by Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund — Charitable Fund. No director has received remuneration since 9 February 2007. NOTE 18: AUDITORS' REMUNERATION			
Remuneration of the auditor for: - auditing the financial report			100_

The audit fees of the company have been borne by the Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund - Charitable Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 19: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Financial Risk Management

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise cash, payables and receivables. The main purpose of these non-derivative financial instruments is to meet the Company's claims liabilities.

The Company has not entered into any derivative contracts throughout the year and has no derivative financial instruments at balance date.

(i) Treasury Risk Management

The Company is wholly owned by Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund Limited as trustee of the Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund Charitable Fund. Management of the trustee meet on a regular basis to analyse the Company's interest rate exposure and to evaluate treasury management strategies in the context of the most recent economic conditions and forecasts.

(ii) Financial Risks

The main risks the Company is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

Market Risk

The Company's exposure to market risk from changes in interest rate relates to the Company's cash assets, payables and receivables. Interest rate risk is managed in accordance with the strategies outlined in Note 19(a)(i). For further details on interest rate risk refer to Note 20(b). The company operates solely in Australia and is not exposed to any significant foreign currency risk.

Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to outstanding receivables. Cash and cash equivalents are only invested with one of the four major banks in Australia.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment, as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

As detailed in Note 25, the Company is economically dependent on the provisions of the Amended and Restated Final Funding Agreement signed by James Hardie Industries NV and the NSW Government and the James Hardie Former Subsidiaries (Winding up and Administration) Act 2005.

(b) Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on those financial assets and financial liabilities, in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 19: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD)

For the year ended 31 March 2008

	Average Effective	Floating	Fixed Inter	est Rate M	aturing	Non-	
	Interest Rate	Interest Rate	Less than 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Year	interest Bearing	Total Amount
	%	\$'000	\$'000	\$,000	\$'000	\$1000	\$'000
Financial Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	7.37	2,208	-	-	•		2,208
Trade and other receivables	6.30		137	-		- 284,686	284,823
		2,208	137	-		- 284,686	287,031
Financial Liabilities							
Trade and other payables	6.36	_	40,618	-		- 9,812	50,430
		-	40,618	-		- 9,812	50,430
For the year ended 31 March 2007							
	Average		Fived Intere	set Data Ma	turina		
	Average Effective Interest Rate	Floating Interest Rate	Fixed Interd Less than 1 year	est Rate Ma 1 to 2 Years	turing 2 to 3 Year	Non- interest Bearing	Total Amount
	Effective Interest	Interest	Less than 1	1 to 2	2 to 3	interest	
Financial Assets	Effective Interest Rate	Interest Rate	Less than 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Year	interest Bearing	Amount
Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalents	Effective Interest Rate	Interest Rate	Less than 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Year	interest Bearing	Amount
	Effective Interest Rate %	Interest Rate \$'000	Less than 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Year	interest Bearing	Amount \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	Effective Interest Rate %	Interest Rate \$'000	Less than 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Year	interest Bearing \$'000	Amount \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents Units in fixed interest & cash management trusts	Effective Interest Rate % 6.03 5.25	Interest Rate \$'000 6,625 521	Less than 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Year	interest Bearing \$'000	Amount \$'000 6,625 521
Cash and cash equivalents Units in fixed interest & cash management trusts Units in managed fund	Effective Interest Rate % 6.03 5.25 4.60	Interest Rate \$'000 6,625 521	Less than 1 year \$'000	1 to 2 Years \$'000	2 to 3 Year	interest Bearing \$'000	Amount \$'000 6,625 521 323
Cash and cash equivalents Units in fixed interest & cash management trusts Units in managed fund	Effective Interest Rate % 6.03 5.25 4.60	Interest Rate \$'000 6,625 521 323	Less than 1 year \$'000	1 to 2 Years \$'000	2 to 3 Year \$'000	interest Bearing \$'000	Amount \$'000 6,625 521 323 277,313
Cash and cash equivalents Units in fixed interest & cash management trusts Units in managed fund Trade and other receivables	Effective Interest Rate % 6.03 5.25 4.60	Interest Rate \$'000 6,625 521 323	Less than 1 year \$'000	1 to 2 Years \$'000	2 to 3 Year \$'000	interest Bearing \$'000	Amount \$'000 6,625 521 323 277,313

All other financial assets and financial liabilities are non-interest bearing.

Sensitivity

The Company's main interest rate risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets with varying interest rates. At 31 March 2008, if interest rates had changed by +/- 50 basis points from the year end rates, with all variables held constant, post tax loss would have been \$11,040 lower/higher (2007 change of 50 bps:\$37,345 lower/higher) as a result in higher/lower interest income from these financial assets.

(c) Net Fair Values

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the balance sheet and in the notes to the financial statements. Fair values are materially in line with carrying values.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 20: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	2008 \$'000	2007 \$'000
Transactions with related parties		
Transactions with related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.		
Amounts of receivables and payables with related parties are disclosed in notes 6 and 10. Other transactions with related parties are as follows:		
(a) Administration revenue received from Amaba Pty Limited	_	81
(b) Administration revenue received from Medical Research and		
Compensation Foundation	-	75
(c) Administration revenue received from Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund – Discretionary Fund	-	1
		157
(d) Distribution revenue received from Asbestos Injuries and		
Compensation Fund – Discretionary Fund	10,088	1,117
(e) Pooling of funds received from:		
- Amaba Pty Limited	1,250	-
- ABN 60 Pty Limited	7,630	-
	8,880	-
The Company has received an order from Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund Limited as trustee of the Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund directing the Company to enter into arrangements for the pooling of funds and for allocation of the pooled funds to payment of "payable liabilities", under section 24 of the Winding up Act. As a result of this direction the Company received funds from Amaba Pty Limited and ABN 60 Pty Limited which were pooled with those of Amaca Pty Limited, and used for the payment of "payable liabilities" of Amaca Pty Limited. The Company paid no consideration for the pooling of the funds.		
(f) Settlement claims paid by Asbestos Injuries and		
Compensation Fund – Charitable Fund	30,512	8,467
(g) Interest paid to Asbestos Injuries and Compensation Fund		
 Charitable Fund pursuant to and in accordance with the Amended and Restated Final Funding Agreement. 	1,532	
ranonded and restated I mai I unumg Agreement.	1,332	<u> </u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

	Note	2008	2007
		\$'000	\$'000
NOTE 20: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTD)			
(h) Property lease			
The property lease was assigned to Asbestos Injuries and			
Compensation Fund – Charitable Fund, effective 9 February 2007			
and the rent was paid by this entity during the 2008 financial year.			
year.			
Parent entity			
The parent entity is Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund			
Limited as trustee of the Asbestos Injuries and Compensation			
Fund, Charitable Fund.			
NOTE 21: FRANKING CREDITS			
The amount of franking credits available for subsequent			
reporting periods are:			
- franking account balance at the end of the reporting date		492	492
- franking credits that will arise from the payment of income tax			
at the end of reporting period	_	<u>-</u>	
Total amount of credits available for future reporting periods		492	492

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 22: CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The Board evaluates estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

(i) Provision for future claims

Provision is made for the estimated cost of asbestos claims incurred but not settled at the balance sheet date. The estimated costs of claims include direct expenses that are expected to be incurred in settling those claims and expected insurance recoveries.

The Company's process for establishing the outstanding claims provision involves extensive consultation with external actuaries, claims managers and senior management. An independent actuarial assessment of outstanding and likely future claims is undertaken at least annually.

The determination of the provision for future asbestos claims involves a number of critical assumptions. Some of the uncertainties impacting these assumptions are as follows:

- · changes in patterns of claims incidence, reporting and payment;
- volatility in the estimation of future costs due to the long period of time over which claims are expected to arise;
- changes in the legal environment, including the interpretation of liability laws and the quantum of damages; and
- social and economic trends, for example inflation and interest rates

The provision for outstanding claims comprises the central estimate and an appropriate prudential margin which is added to the central estimate in accordance with Australian accounting requirements. The outstanding claims provision is discounted at risk free rates of return to reflect the time value of money.

(ii) Investments in Unlisted Managed Funds

The Board has classified investments in unlisted managed funds as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss whereby investments are marked to market value and movements in the market value are recognised in the income statement. These investments have been classified as such as they are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair-value basis, in accordance with the Company's investment strategy and are available to meet future claims.

NOTE 23: SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company operates predominantly in one business and geographical segment being to manage statutory and common law claims made against the Company.

NOTE 24: EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Apart from the following, no matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in the future financial years.

Following the end of the financial year, the Directors of the Company resolved in principle to appoint Ernst & Young as auditors of the Company. Arrangements are being made to complete this appointment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

NOTE 25: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Company is economically dependent on the provisions of the Amended and Restated Final Funding Agreement signed by James Hardie Industries NV and the NSW Government and the James Hardie Former Subsidiaries (Winding up and Administration) Act 2005.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 5 to 30, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001:
 - (a) comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 March 2008 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company.
- They are unable, based on the information available to them at the present time, to conclude that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable. The directors note Section 27 of the James Hardie Former Subsidiaries (Winding up and Administration) Act 2005 ("Act") which authorises the directors and Company to continue to conduct the Company's business in accordance with the Act even if it is insolvent and note that the Company is being managed in accordance with Part 4 of the Act.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board:

Peter W Baker

Chairman and Director

Il. Baker

Guy M Jarvi

6M. Jorn

Director

Dated: 26 June 2008

Sydney



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PricewaterhouseCoopers ABN 52 780 433 757

Independent auditor's report to the members of Amaca Pty Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Amaca Pty Limited (the company), which comprises the balance sheet as at 31 March 2008, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration for Amaca Pty Limited.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that compliance with the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ensures that the financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial.

Our procedures include reading the other information in the Annual Report to determine whether it contains any material inconsistencies with the financial report.

For further explanation of an audit, visit our website http://www.pwc.com/au/financialstatementaudit.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Amaca Pty Limited (continued)

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Emphasis of matter - Going concern no longer appropriate

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the Director's Declaration and to note 1(a) in the Financial Report. The directors have determined that the going concern basis of preparation is no longer appropriate. The report has been prepared on a liquidation basis recognising the provisions of the James Hardie Former Subsidiaries (Winding Up and Administration) Act 2005 (NSW).

Auditor's opinion on the financial report

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Amaca Pty Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 31 March 2008 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*, and
- (b) the consolidated financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Vriewaterhouse Coopers

DN Kelly

Partner

Sydney 26 June 2008